

IBM Passport Advantage Software

Sub-capacity (Virtualization) License Counting Rules

x86 Virtualization Environment

NOTE: Please use these rules along with the Passport Advantage Agreement



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Index

- Summary of Virtualization Capacity (Sub-capacity) Licensing Requirements (page 3)
- License Counting Definitions, Scenarios, Rules (page 4-8)
 - Definitions (pages 4 & 5)
 - Illustrations (pages 6 & 7)
 - Rules (page 8)
- Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity if allowed (page 9-11)
 - Eligibility Criteria & Requirements (page 9 & 10)
 - Worksheet Example (page 11)
- Other
 - Key Web Links (page 12)

Summary of Virtualization Capacity Licensing Requirements

• Customers must:

- Adhere the to Sub-capacity licensing terms of the Passport Advantage agreement, including:
 - Use Eligible Sub-capacity Products
 - <u>Use Eligible Virtualization Technologies</u>
 - Use Eligible Processor Technologies
 - Use the IBM License Metric Tool or other approved validated tools

Follow Virtualization Capacity License Counting rules for their Eligible Virtualization Environment(s)

PLEASE NOTE:

• The above is only a summary. For details about sub-capacity licensing requirements, see the Sub-capacity Attachment and other information referred to above, at <u>Passport Advantage Virtualization Capacity website</u>

• Customers are responsible for the installation of the IBM License Metric Tool (or other approved validated tools) and for the server it runs on.

x86 Virtualization Technology - Definitions

VM – Virtual Machine (also Containers w/o Orchestration)

- A VM represents a complete system with processors, memory, disk and network resources
- Multiple VMs can share physical resources and run side by side on the same server

Virtual Core (also vCPU)

- Each VM is assigned a virtual core quantity
- Each virtual core is equal to one core for PVU & VPC licensing

Server

- A machine that provides resources (i.e. processor core capacity) to the VMs
- Includes single standalone servers or servers within clusters or resource pools

x86 Virtualization Technology - Definitions

Cluster

- A group of servers, that are linked together using vCenter Server or Microsoft Failover Clustering Feature to provide resources (i.e. processor core capacity) to the VMs
- Mobility Event
 - Movement of a running VM from one physical server to another

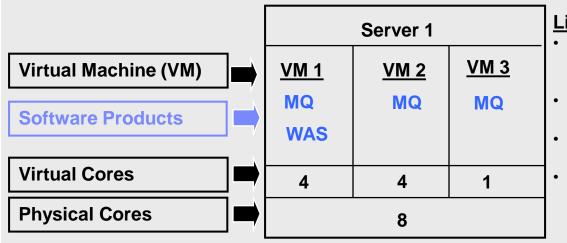
SMT (Simultaneous Multi-Threading)

Is a technique for improving the overall efficiency of superscalar CPUs with hardware multithreading. SMT permits multiple independent threads of execution.

Hyper-threading

It is Intel's proprietary simultaneous multithreading (SMT) implementation.

License counting in a Server



License counting for x86

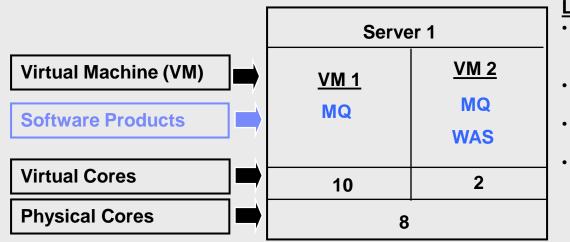
- Eligible Virtualization Technology can be used to create Virtual Machines (VMs) or **Containers**
- Each VM is assigned a quantity of virtual cores
- Each virtual core is equal to one core for PVU & VPC licensing.
- License for the maximum number of virtual cores in the VM(s) available to the product
 - the lower of the sum of virtual cores or full capacity of the server

For above example, the Virtualization Capacity licensing requirement is based on the maximum number of virtual cores in the VM(s) available to a product License Rule: lower of the Virtualization Capacity or Full (Physical) Capacity available in the Server

Cores to License	VM 1	VM 2	VM3	Virtualization Capacity	Full capacity
MQ software	4	4	1	9	8
WAS software	4	-		4	8

License counting in a Server with SMT/Hyper-threading

1 Server	8 Physical (SMT-enabled) Cores	16 Virtual Cores available
		for the virtualization manager in total



License counting for x86

- Eligible Virtualization Technology can be used to create Virtual Machines (VMs) or Containers
- Each VM is assigned a quantity of virtual cores
- Each virtual core is equal to one core for PVU & VPC licensing.
- License for the maximum number of virtual cores in the VM(s) available to the product
 - the lower of the sum of virtual cores or full capacity of the server

So, exactly the same as in previous example without SMT. SMT does not change the rules.

In above example for VM2 are assigned 2 virtual cores which in case of SMT 2 can happen to run on the same single physical core, but this does not change the counting rules and programs on it will be charged for 2 vCPU.

Cores to License	VM 1	VM2	Virtualization Capacity	Full capacity
MQ software	10	2	12	8
WAS software	2		2	8

ILMT Licensing Counting Rules

- the Virtualization Capacity licensing requirement is based on the maximum number of virtual cores in the VM(s) available to a product
 - ▶ License Rule: lower of the Virtualization Capacity or Full (Physical) Capacity available in the Server

License Rule for Qualified Mobility:

• Count the maximum processor core capacity for each program concurrently within an ILMT Region.

Requirements:

▶ Using ILMT 9.2.2 or later version: A single ILMT server can be used to manage each ILMT Region using IBM sub-capacity region functionality

▶ Using ILMT 9.2 or earlier version: A minimum of one ILMT server must be installed per ILMT Region where sub-capacity programs are installed

ILMT Regions:

- Region 1: North America & South America
- Region 2: Europe & Africa
- ▶ Region 3: Asia & Australia

Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity

The licensing rules in the preceding pages reflect how ILMT will operate to calculate chargeable cores (e.g., PVU & VPC)

If ILMT does not yet support an Eligible Virtualization Environment or you qualify for an exception to use ILMT, you will need to follow the Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity (see <u>Sub-Capacity</u> website for link)

▶ The Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity rules can be found on the following pages.

For a list of Virtualization Technologies supported by ILMT visit the Passport Advantage Sub-capacity (Virtualization capacity) licensing website.

Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity

- <u>Eligibility Criteria</u>: Customers must use the IBM License Metric Tool, with the following exceptions
 - ILMT does not support the Eligible Virtualization Environment
 - Customer has fewer than 1000 employees and contractors Tool recommended
 - Customer server Full Capacity licensing for a PVU product is less than 1000 PVUs (on servers with an Eligible Virtualization Environment) - Tool recommended
- <u>Requirements</u>: For the above exceptions, customers must manually manage, track and prepare Audit Reports
 - An Audit Report must be prepared at least once per quarter using the Worksheet for Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity.
 - Audit Reports must identify the following detail: Each Eligible Sub-Capacity Product deployed in each Eligible Virtualization Environment
 - In addition to the above detail, the report should provide a summary total of the required number of PVUs by and for each Eligible Sub-Capacity Product
 - Audit Reports must be prepared as frequently as is required to maintain a history of increases to Virtualization Capacity and Full Capacity
 - Each Audit Report must be **generated**, at least once per quarter

The above is only a summary. For detailed terms please see the <u>Passport Advantage Sub-capacity</u> <u>licensing information</u> website IBM Passport Advantage Software – Virtualization Capacity Licensing for x86 Virtualization

Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity - Worksheet Example

Worksheet has 3 tabs

- Instructions & Information
- Single Server

Web Link: Worksheet for Manual Calculation of Virtualization Capacity

VIRTUALIZATION ENVIRONMENT - SINGLE SERVER						
- This worksheet is for one standalone server for one Software Product						
- Per the Instructions on the first tab, you may choose to leverage this approach or develop / leverage						
your own processes and reporting format so long as you capture all the mandatory information below						
 Enter data in input fields below (shaded area) 		* Mandatory				
Date of this Audit Report *		March 31, 2009				
Product Name *	IBM WEBSPH	HERE APPLICATION SERVER NETWORK DEPLOYMENT				
Program Identification Number (57xx-xxx)		5724-H88				
P/N Description	IBM WEBSPHERE APPLICATION SERVER NETWORK DEPLOYMENT PROCESSOR VALUE UNIT (PVU)					
Part Number	D55WJLL					
Server ID / Location	Server ID # F6015; Bldg 1, Room 1, Somers, NY					
Server Vendor / Brand Server Model		IBM System x xxxxx				
Virtualization Technology used *		VMware ESX 3.5				
Processor Technology (Vendor, Brand, Type, Model#) * (A)		Intel Xeon Quad Core Model 35XX				
PVUs per core * (A)						
Total Activated Cores on Server * (C)		8				
Full Capacity PVUs for Server * (C)	560					
·	DO NOT DEL					
VM, Partition ID *	Cores (B) per					
(whatever identifier used for any subdivision of a server such as	Partition or					
LPAR #, IP address, hostname, etc.)	VM *	User Comments				
А	4					
В	4					
С	2					
D	2					
Sum of Virtual Cores *	12					
PVUs per core *	70					
Virtualization Capacity PVUs by Product for Server *	840					
PVU Licenses required by Product for Server * (c)	560					
* Mandatory Field						
(A) PVU's required for each physical processor core are listed on the PVU table (see link below, including vendor/brand designations)						
http://www-01.ibm.com/software/lotus/passportadvantage/pvu_licensing_for_customers.html						
	(B) For purposes of 'Manual Calculation' of Virtual Capacity, 1 virtual core (or CPU) is equivalent to 1 physical core. Enter values in whole cores.					
(C) Lower of Full Capacity or Virtualization Capacity	C) Lower of Fun Capacity of Virtualization Capacity					

Key Web Links

PVU

PVU table and other information

Sub-capacity

- Passport Advantage Sub-capacity licensing information
- Virtualization Capacity License Counting Rules

Passport Advantage Agreement w/Sub-capacity licensing terms